



## **POWER QUALITY ANALYZER PW3198**

Power Measuring Instruments





Record and Analyze Power Supply Problems Simultaneously with a Single Unit

# The New World Standard for Power Quality Analysis

#### Never Miss the Moment

- Detect power supply problems and perform onsite troubleshooting
- Do preventive maintenance to avert accidents by managing the power quality

### **CAT IV-600V Safety Standard**

- Meets the CAT IV safety rating required to check an incoming power line
- Safe enough to measure up to 6,000Vpeak of transient overvoltage

## **Easy Setup** Function with PRESETS

- Just select the measurement course, wiring, and clamps
- Automatic one-step setup based on measurement conditions

#### Compliant with New International Standards

- International power quality measurement standard IEC 61000-4-30 Edition 2 Class A
- High precision with a basic voltage measurement accuracy of 0.1%











The number of power supply problems is increasing as power systems are becoming more and more complicated - all due to the rising use of power electronics devices plus a growing installed base of large systems and distributed power supplies. The quickest way to approach these problems is to understand the situation quickly and accurately. The PW3198 Power Quality Analyzer is ready to effectively solve your power supply problems.

## **Troubleshooting**

- ✓ Understand the actual power situation at the site where the problem is occurring (e.g., the equipment malfunction, failure, reset, overheating, or burning damage).
- ✓ Ideal for troubleshooting solar and wind power generation systems, EV charge stations, smart grids, tooling machines, OA equipment (e.g., computers, printers, and UPS), medical equipment, server rooms, and electrical equipment (e.g., transformers and phase-advancing capacitors).

## Field Survey and Preventive Maintenance

- ✓ Perform long-term measurements of the power quality and study problems that are difficult to detect or that occur intermittently.
- Maintain electrical equipment and check the operation of solar and wind power generation systems.
- Manage the parameters with a control set point, such as a voltage fluctuation, flicker, and harmonic voltage.

## Power (Load) Survey

Study the power consumption and confirm system capacity before adding load.

## Advanced Features for Safe, Simple, and Accurate Measurements

#### International Standard IEC61000-4-30 Edition 2 Class A

Class A is defined in the international standard IEC61000-4-30, which specifies compatibility with power quality parameters, accuracy, and standards to enable comparison and discussion of the measurement results of different measuring instruments.

The PW3198 is compliant with the latest IEC61000-4-30 Edition 2 Class A standard. The instrument can perform measurements in accordance with the standard, including continuous gapless calculation, methods to detect events such as dip, swell, and instantaneous power failure, and time synchronization using the optional GPS box.

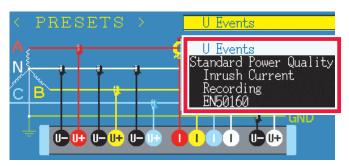


### CAT IV-600V Safety

The PW3198 is compliant with the measurement category CAT IV - 600V and can also safely test the incoming lines for both single-phase and three-phase power supplies.



## Easy to set up - Just select the measurement course and the PW3198 will do the rest



Simply choose the course based on the measurement objective and the necessary configurations will be set automatically.

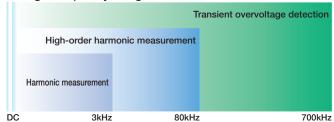
U Events	Record voltage and frequency and detect errors simultaneously.
Standard Power Quality	Record voltage, current, frequency, and harmonic, and detect errors simultaneously.
Inrush current	Measure the inrush current.
Recording	Record only the TIME PLOT Data but do not detect errors.
EN50160	Perform measurements in accordance with EN50160.

### Highly Accurate, Broadband, Wide Dynamic Range Makes for Reliable Measurements

## Voltage Measurement Range Transient overvoltage Line-to-line voltage (3P4W) Line-to-line voltage (1P2W, 1P3W, 3P3W) Phase voltage (1P2W, 1P3W, 3P4W) 1300V

Both low and high voltages can be measured in a single range.

#### Voltage Frequency Range



Wide range from DC voltage to 700 kHz

#### Basic Measurement Accuracy (50/60 Hz)

Voltage	±0.1% of nominal voltage
Current	±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + Clamp-on sensor accuracy
Power	±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + Clamp-on sensor accuracy

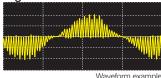
World's highest level of basic measurement accuracy. Extremely accurate voltage measurement without the need to switch ranges.

## Transient Overvoltage



Transient overvoltage can also be measured in a range between the maximum 6,000 V and minimum 1 µs (2 MS/s).

#### High-order Harmonic



The PW3198 is the first power quality analyzer that can measure the high-order harmonic component of up to 80 kHz.



## PW3198 Never Misses the Moment a Power Supply Failure Occurs

The PW3198 can measure all waveforms of power, harmonic, and error events simultaneously. When a problem occurs with the equipment or system on your site, the PW3198 will help you detect the cause of the problem early and solve it quickly. You can depend on the PW3198 to monitor all aspects of your power supplies.

## Measure All Parameters at the Same Time

#### Acquire the Information You Need Quickly by Switching Pages (RMS Value)

Just connect to the measurement line, and the PW3198 will simultaneously measure all parameters, such as power and harmonic. You can then switch pages to view the needed information immediately.



#### **DMM Display**

Display parameters such as voltage, current, power, power factor, and integral power in a single window.

witch window



#### Waveform Display

Display the voltage and current waveforms on channels 1 to 4 one above the other in a single window.



4-channel Waveform Display

Display the voltage and current waveforms on channels 1 to 4 individually.



#### Vector Display

Display the measured value and vector of the voltage and current of each order harmonic.



#### Harmonic Bar Graph Display

Display the RMS value and phase angle of harmonics from the 0th order to the 50th either in a graph or as numerical values.

#### Reliably Detect Power Supply Failures (Event)

To detect power supply failures, measurement does not need to be performed multiple times under different conditions. The PW3198 can always monitor and reliably detect all power supply failures for which detection is enabled.

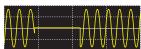


#### Transient Overvoltage (Impulse)

A transient overvoltage is generated by a lightning strike or a contact fault or closed contact of a circuit breaker and relay, and often causes a steep voltage change and a high voltage peak.

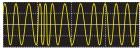
### Voltage Dip (Voltage Drop)

Voltage drops for a short time as a result of large inrush current generated in the load by, for example, a starting motor.



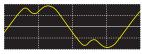
#### Interruption

The power supply stops instantaneously or for a short or long time because electrical power transmission is stopped as a result of a lightning strike, or because the circuit breaker is tripped by a power supply short circuit.



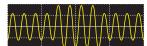
#### Frequency Fluctuations

An excessive increase or decrease of the load causes the operation of a generator to become unstable, resulting in frequency fluctuations.



#### Harmonic

Harmonic is generated by a semiconductor control device installed in the power supply of equipment, causing distortion of voltage and current waveforms.



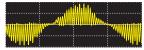
### Voltage Swell (Voltage Rise)

A voltage swell is generated by a lightning strike or a heavily loaded power line being opened or closed, causing the voltage to rise instantaneously.



#### Inrush Current

A large current flows instantaneously at the moment electrical equipment, a motor, or similar devices are powered on



#### High-order Harmonic

Voltage and current waveforms are distorted by noise components generated by a semiconductor control device or the like installed in the power supply of electronic equipment.



#### Unbalance

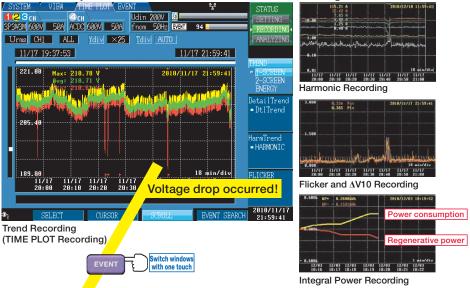
An increase or decrease in the load connected to each phase of the three-phase power supply or an unbalanced operation of equipment and devices causes the load of a particular phase to become heavy so that voltage and current waveforms are distorted, voltage drops, or negative phase sequence voltage is generated.

# Simultaneous Recording of TIME PLOT Data and Event Waveforms

#### **TIME PLOT Data**

### **TIME PLOT Recording of All Parameters**

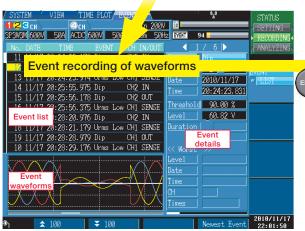
The PW3198 can simultaneously record 8,000 or more parameters, such as voltage, current, power, power factor, frequency, integral power, harmonic, and flicker, at the specified recording interval. The PW3198 never fails to capture the peak because it performs calculations continuously and records the maximum, minimum, and average values within the recording interval.



### **Event Waveforms**

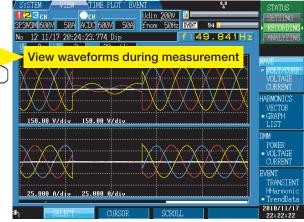
## Capture up to 55,000 Instantaneous Waveforms of Power Supply Failures

The PW3198 can record up to 1,000 instantaneous waveforms of power supply failures (up to 55,000 when repeat recording is set to ON) while performing TIME PLOT recording.



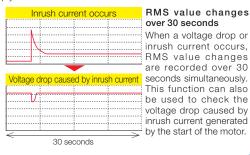
#### vent List

This list records instantaneous waveforms of power supply failures (events), such as a voltage drop or inrush current, along with the time or other information. Events are always monitored, regardless of the recording interval of the TIME PLOT recording.



#### Event Waveform

The PW3198 lets you view the instantaneous waveform (200 ms) of a power supply failure in the window.

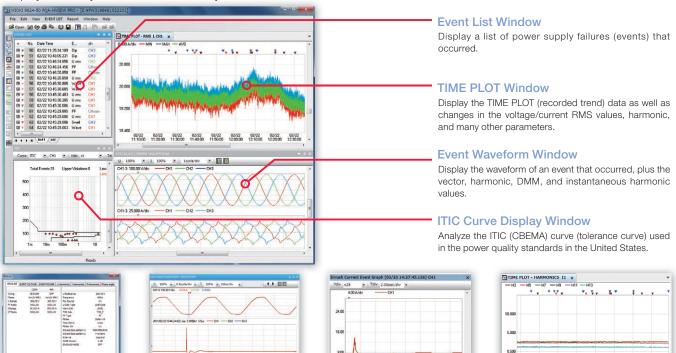


## Analyze Recorded Data with a PC Using Application Software 9624-50 PQA-HiVIEW PRO

Use Model 9624-50 PQA-HiVIEW PRO (version 2.00 or later) with a PC to analyze the data collected by the PW3198.

#### **Viewer Function**

Display and analyze the data recorded by the PW3198 POWER QUALITY ANALYZER.



Status Window

**Transient Waveform Window** 

Inrush Current Event Graph Window

6.00 8.00 10.00 12.00 14.00 sec sec sec sec sec

0.000 0.000 0.000 0.002 0.

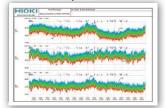
Harmonics TIME PLOT Window

#### **Report Creation Function**

Automatically and effortlessly create rich reports for compliance and record management.

Report output items: Voltage/current RMS value fluctuation graph, harmonic fluctuation graph, inter-harmonics fluctuation graph, flicker graph, integral power graph, demand graph, total harmonic voltage/current distortion rate list, EN50160 window (Overview, Harmonic, Measurement Results Category), worst case, transient waveform, maximum/minimum value list, all event waveforms/detailed list, and setup list

#### Print Examples



**RMS Value Voltage Fluctuations** 



All Event Detailed List



TIME PLOT Recording of Parameters



EN50160

#### **Other Functions**

#### **CSV Conversion of Measurement Data**

Convert data in the range specified in the TIME PLOT window into CSV format and then save for further processing. The 9624-50 can also convert event waveforms into CSV format. Open CSV data using any commercially available spreadsheet software for advanced data management and analysis.

#### Even Analyze Data Recorded with Models 3196 and 3197 PQAs

Data recorded with the HIOKI 3196 and 3197 Power Quality Analyzers can also be analyzed.



#### **Download Measurement Data via USB/LAN**

Data in the SD card inserted in the PW3198 can be downloaded to a PC via USB or LAN.

#### **EN50160 Display Function**

EN50160 is a power quality standard for the EU. In this mode, evaluate and analyze power quality in accordance with the standard. You can display the Overview, Harmonic, and Measurement Results Category windows.

#### 9624-50 Specifications

Delivery media	CD-R
Operating environment	AT-compatible PC
	WindowsXP, WindowsVista(32-bit), Windows7(32/64-bit)
Memory	512 MB or more

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## Useful Functions for a Wide Variety of Applications

#### Large Capacity Recording with SD Card

Data is recorded to a large capacity SD card. The data can be transferred to a PC and analyzed using dedicated application software. If your PC is not equipped with an SD card slot, simply connect a USB cable between the PW3198 and the PC. The PC will then recognize the SD card as removable media.



Repeat record	Recording period
OFF	Max. 35 days Reference value: ALL DATA (all items recorded), repeat recording OFF, and TIME PLOT interval 1 minute or longer)
ON	Max. 55 weeks (about 1 year) Reference value: ALL DATA (all items recorded), repeat recording ON (1 week x 55 times), and TIME PLOT interval 10 minutes or longer)

### Remote Measurement Using HTTP Server Function

You can use any Internet browser to remotely operate the PW3198, plus download the data stored in the SD card using dedicated software (LAN access required).

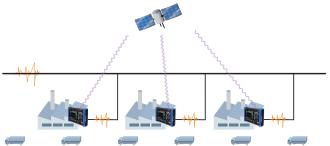


Conduct off-site remote control with a tablet PC using a wireless LAN router

#### **GPS Time Synchronization**

The PW9005 GPS BOX lets you synchronize the clock on the PW3198 to the UTC standard time. Eliminate time differences between multiple PQAs and correctly analyze measurement data taken by several instruments.





#### Simultaneously Measure Three-phase Lines and Grounding Wire

Apart from the main measurement line, you can also measure the AC/DC voltage on another line using Channel 4.



#### Yes! Simultaneously!

- Measure the primary and secondary sides of UPS
- •Two-line voltage analysis
- •Measure three-phase lines and grounding wire
- Measure neutral lines to detect short circuits
- Measure the input and output of a DC-AC converter for solar power generation



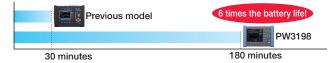
#### An Assortment of Clamp-on Sensors Covers a Broad Range of Measurements

Model 9694 (5A) sensor has been added to the existing CLAMP ON SENSOR offerings: Models 9660 (100A), 9661 (500A), 9669 (1000A), and 9667 (5000A). You can also use a 9657-10 or 9675 CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR to measure leakage currents in the milliampere range.



#### **Backup and Recovery from Power Failure**

The PW3198 uses the new large capacity BATTERY PACK Z1003, enabling continuous measurement for three hours even if a power failure occurs. In addition, a power failure processing function restarts measurement automatically even if the power is cut off completely during measurement.



### **Other Measurement Applications**

#### Flicker measurement

Measure flicker in conformance with IEC 61000-4-15 Ed2.

#### Phase voltage check for $\Delta$ connection

Use the  $\Delta$ -Y and Y- $\Delta$  conversion function to measure phase voltage using a virtual neutral point.

#### 400 Hz line measurement

Measure at a power line frequency of 50/60 Hz as well as 400 Hz.

## **Power Quality Survey Applications**

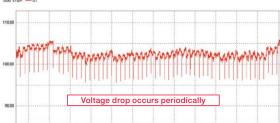
#### The power supply of the office equipment sometimes shuts down

Survey Objective
The power supply of a printer at the office shuts down even though it is not operated. Equipment other than the printer can also sometimes perform a reset unexpectedly.

Measurement Method
Setup is very easy. Just install the PW3198 on the site, and measure the voltage, current, and power. To troubleshoot, just select the clamp-on sensor and wiring, and then select the







Voltage Fluctuation Graph

#### nalysis Report

No failure occurred during the measurement period, but a periodic voltage drop was confirmed. The voltage drop may have been caused by the periodic start and operation of the electrical equipment connected to the power supply line. Equipment, such as a laser printer, copier, and electrical heater, may start themselves periodically due to residual heat. An instantaneous voltage drop is likely to have been caused by inrush current from equipment that consumes a large amount of power.

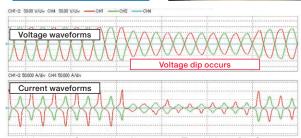
#### Medical equipment malfunctions

Survey Objective
Replacing the equipment with a new one by the service provider did not improve the malfunction. A survey of the power supply was required to clarify the cause.

Measurement Method
Select the "U Events" course in the PW3198 in the same way as with the office equipment example.







Voltage and Current Waveforms at the Time Voltage Dip Occurs

#### nalysis Report

Alt was determined that a voltage dip (voltage drop) occurred and impacted the operation of the equipment. If a voltage dip occurs every day on a regular basis, the probable cause is the start of a large air-conditioning unit, pump, heater, or similar equipment.

#### Surveying a Solar Power Generation System

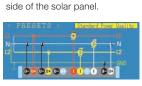
## Survey Objective

- Maintain a solar power generation system and check its operation (verify the power quality)
- Troubleshoot (impact on the peripheral equipment, operation shutdown, etc.)

### easurement Method

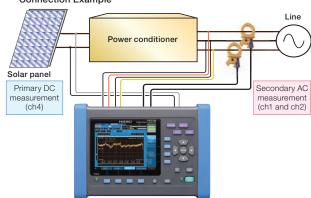
Set up the PW3198 on the site and measure the voltage, current, and power. To survey the power quality, select the "Standard power quality measurement" course in the PRESETS menu. To

measure the DC voltage, connect channel 4 to the primary



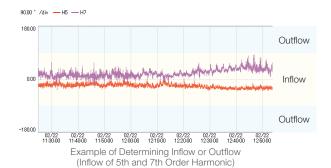


#### Connection Example





Example of Voltage Waveforms at the Time of Line Switching



Analysis Report

All parameters can be recorded simultaneously with a single measurement.

- Identify changes in the output voltage of the power conditioner
- Presence or absence of the occurrence of a transient overvoltage
- Frequency fluctuation important for system interconnection
- Identify changes in the harmonic voltage and current included in the output
- Power (AC), integral power (AC), etc.

### **PW3198 Specifications**

#### (Accuracy guaranteed for one year)

#### Measurement items

Voltage measurement items (TIME PLOT Recording)	RMS voltage Frequency Voltage DC	Waveform voltage peak Frequency (1 cycle, 10-sec) IEC Flicker (Pst, Plt)
	Harmonic voltage (0 to 50th order) Inter-harmonic voltage (0.5 to 49.5th) Total harmonic voltage distortion factor	Harmonic voltage phase angle (0 to 50th) High order harmonic voltage component Voltage Unbalance factor (Zero-phase /Negative-phase)
Current	RMS current	High order harmonic current component
measurement items	Waveform current peak	Total harmonic current distortion factor Current Unbalance factor
(TIME PLOT Recording)	Harmonic current phase angle (0 to 50th)  Harmonic current (0 to 50th)	(Zero-phase /Negative-phase)
	Inter-harmonic current (0.5 to 49.5th)	K factor
		Current DC (with release of new clamp-on sensor)
Power	Active power	Harmonic power (0 to 50th)
measurement items (TIME PLOT Recording)	Reactive power Apparent power	Harmonic voltage-current phase angle (0 to 50th) Active energy
(Time rear riccording)	Power factor	Reactive energy
EVENT	Transient overvoltage	Frequency fluctuations
measurement items (EVENT Recording)	Voltage swell Voltage dip	Voltage waveform comparison Timer
(EVENT Necorality)	Interruption	External events
	Inrush current	
	Event detection using upper and	lower thresholds available with other volt-
		ement parameters (excluding Integrated . Harmonic phase angle, IEC Flicker)

#### Input specifications

Measurement circuits	pha plu	gle-phase 2-wire (1P2W), single-phase ase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P4W2.5E) or thre is one extra input channel (must be syn annel during AC/DC measurement)	e-phase 4-v	vire (3P4W
Fundamental frequency of measurement circuit	50ŀ	Hz, 60Hz, 400Hz		
Input channels	Vol	tage: 4 channels (U1 to U4), Current: 4 cha	annels (I1 to	14)
Input methods	U1,	tage: Isolated and differential inputs (chanr U2 and U3; channels isolated between U1 t rrent: Insulated clamp-on sensors (voltage	o U3 and U4)	
Measurement	Vol	tage measurement ranges		
ranges		Voltage measurement items	Ran	ges
(Ch1 to Ch4 can be configured the		Voltage measurement	600.00	V rms
same way; only CH4		Transient measurement	6.0000k	V peak
can be configured		rrent measurement ranges (Using clamp-c	n sensors)	
separately)		Using clamp-on sensors	Ran	ges
		9694	5.0000A /	50.000A
		9660	50.000A /	100.00A
		9661	50.000A /	500.00A
		9667	50.000A /	500.00A
		(range switchable also at sensor)	500.00A /	5.0000kA
		9669	100.00A /	1.0000kA
		9695-02	5.0000A /	50.000A
		9695-03	50.000A /	100.00A
		9657-10	500.00mA /	5.0000A
		9675	500.00mA /	5.0000A
		rrent measurement ranges (automatically configured based on voltage	e and curren	t range)
		(datornationly cornigated based on voltage		t runge)

Current measurement range

5.0000A 50.000A

100.00A

500.00A

1.0000kA

5.0000kA

Voltage measurement range

600.00V

3.0000kW

30.000kW

60.000kW

300.00kW

600.00kW

3.0000MW

#### Basic specifications

Maximum recording period	55 weeks (with repeated recording set to [1 Week], 55 iterations) 55 days (with repeated recording set to [1 Day], 55 iterations) 35 days (with repeated recording set to [OFF])
Maximum recordable events	55,000 events (with repeated recording on) 1000 events (with repeated recording off)
TIME PLOT data settings	TIME PLOT interval (MAX/MIN/AVG within each interval recorded) 1s, 3s, 15s, 30s, 1m, 5m, 10m, 15m, 30m,1h, 2h, 150 cycle (at 50Hz), 180 cycle (at 60Hz), 1200 cycle (at 400Hz) Screen copy interval (screen shot at each interval saved to SD card) OFF, 5m, 10m, 30m, 1h, 2h Timer EVENT interval (200ms instantaneous waveform saved at each interval) OFF, 1m, 5m, 10m, 30m, 1h, 2h Time start and End OFF: Start recording manually ON: Start time and End time can be configured Repeated recording settings (maximum 55 iterations) OFF: Recording is not repeated 1 Week: 55 weeks maximum in 1week segmentations 1Day: 55 days maximum in 1day segmentations Repeat time Daily Start time and End time can be configured when Repeated recording set to 1Day.
Recording items settings	Power (Small): Recording basic parameters P&Harm (Normal): Recording basic parameters and harmonics All Data (Full): Recording P&Harm items and inter-harmonics
Memory data capacity	2GB SD memory card

PRESETS function	U Events Record and monitor voltage elements and frequency, plus detect events Standard Power Quality Record and monitor voltage and current elements, frequency, and harmonics, plus detect events Inrush Current Measure inrush current (basic voltage measurement required)
	Recording Record only trend data, no event detection EN50160
	Measure according to EN50160 standards
Real-Time Clock function	Auto-calendar, leap-year correcting 24-hour clock
Real-time clock accuracy	±0.3 s per day (with instrument on, 23°C±5°C (73°F±9°F)
Power supply	AC ADAPTER Z1002 (12 VDC, Rated power supply 100VAC to 240VAC, 50/60Hz) BATTERY PACK Z1003 (Ni-MH 7.2VDC 4500 mAh)
Maximum rated power	15VA (when not charging), 35VA (when charging)
Continuous battery operation time	Approx. 180 min. [@23°C (@73.4°F), when using <b>BATTERY PACK Z1003</b> ]
Recharge function	BATTERY PACK Z1003 charges regardless of whether the instrument is on or off; charge time: max. 5 hr. 30 min. @23°C (@73.4°F)
Power outage processing	In the event of a power outage during recording, instrument resumes recording once the power is back on (integral power starts from 0).
Power supply quality measurement method	IEC61000-4-30 Ed.2 :2008 IEEE1159 EN50160 (using Model <b>PQA-HiVIEW PRO 9624-50</b> )
Dimensions	Approx. 300 W× 211 H × 68 D mm (11.81" W × 8.31" H × 2.68" D) (excluding protrusions)
Mass	Approx. 2.6 kg (91.7 oz.) (including battery pack)
Accessories	Instruction manual, Measurement guide, VOLTAGE CORD L1000 (8 cords, approx. 3 m each: 1 each red, yellow, blue, and gray plus 4 black; 8 alligator clips: 1 each red, yellow, blue, and gray plus 4 black), Spiral Tube, Input Cable Labels (for identifying channel of voltage cords and clamp-on sensors), AC ADAPTER Z1002, Strap, USB cable (1 m length), BATTERY PACK Z1003, SD MEMORY CARD (2GB) Z4001

#### Display specifications

		Display	6.5-inch TFT color LCD (640 × 480 dots)
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#### **External Interface Specifications**

SD card Interface	Loading screen copies Slot: SD s Compatible card: SD n Supported memory capacity: 2GB	and Loading setting files, Saving and tandard compliant nemory card/SDHC memory card g of data to SD memory card is stopped
RS-232C Interface	Connector: D-su	PS-synchronized time (connecting GPS BOX) b9pin box (cannot be connected to computer)
LAN Interface	later, Remote operation applica control functions, system configu displaying event waveforms, ever 2. Downloading of data from the SD Connector: RJ-4	npatible software: Internet Explorer Ver.6 or tion function, measurement start and storation function, event list function (capable of t vectors, and event harmonic bar graphs) memory card using the 9624-50 PQA-HiView Pro 5 SE-T,100BASE-TX
USB2.0 Interface	The instrument cannot be connected dur 2. Download data from the SD me The instrument cannot be connected dur Connector: Serie Connection destination: Com	s a removable disk when connected to a computer. ing recording (including standby operation) or analysis. mory card using the 9624-50 PQA-HiView Pro- ing recording (including standby operation) or analysis. is B receptacle puter [WindowsXP, WindowsVista(32bit), ows7 (32/64bit)]
External control interface	External event input: Exter edge betw	screwless terminal block nal event input at TTL low level (at falling of 1.0 V or less and when shorted) een GND terminal and EVENT IN terminal ulse width: 30 ms; rated voltage: -0.5 V to +6.0 V
	External event output item setting	Operation
	Short pulse output	TTL low output at event generation Low level for 10 ms or more
	Long pulse output	TTL low output at event generation (No external event output at START event) Low level for approx. 2.5 s
	ΔV10 alarm	TTL low output at ΔV10 alarm
	l .	

### Environment and safety specifications

Operating environment	Indoors, altitude up to 3000 m (measurement category is lowered to 600 V CAT III when above 2000m), Pollution degree 2
Storage temperature and humidity	-20 to 50°C (-4 to 122°F) 80% RH or less (non-condensating) (If the instrument will not be used for an extended period of time, remove the battery pack and store in a cool location [from -20 to 30°C (-4 to 86°F)].)
Operating tempera- ture and humidity	0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F) 80% RH or less (non-condensating)
Dust and water resistance	IP30 (EN60529)
Maximum input voltage	Voltage input section 1000 VAC, DC±600 V, max. peak voltage ±6000 Vpeak
Maximum rated voltage to earth	Voltage input terminal 600 V (Measurement Categories IV, anticipated transient overvoltage 8000 V)
Dielectric strength	6.88 kVrms (@50/60 Hz, 1 mA sense current): Between voltage measurement terminals (U1 to U3) and voltage measurement terminals (U4) 4.30 kVrms (1 mA@50/60 Hz, 1 mA sense current): Between voltage input terminal (U1 to U3) and current input terminals/interfaces Between voltage (U4) and current measurement terminals, and interfaces
Applicable standards	Safety EN61010 EMC EN61326 Class A, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3

	MAX/MIN/AVG of each recording interval for each parameter are recorded
	en a power anomaly occurs, the 200ms instantaneous waveform is recorde a transient overvollage is detected, the 2ms instantaneous waveforms before and after the occurrence are record
	a transient overvollage is detected, the 2rits installatious wavelorms before and after the occurrence are record RMS fluctuation 0.5s before and 29.5s after an event has occurred are recorde
	n a high order harmonic event occurs, the 40ms instantaneous waveform is recorded
Transient overvo Display items	For single transient incidents and continuous transient incidents
Diopiay iterrio	Transient voltage value, Transient width
	For continuous transient incidents Transient period (Period from transient IN to transient OUT)
	Max. transient voltage value (Max. peak value during the period)
	Transient count during period
Measurement method	Detected from waveform obtained by eliminating the fundamental component (50/60/400 Hz) from the sampled waveform
Sampling frequency	2MHz
	±6.0000kVpeak, 0.0001kV
Measurement bandwidth	5 kHz (-3dB) to 700 kHz (-3dB)
Min. detection width	
Measurement accuracy	±5.0% rdg.±1.0%f.s.
	Scurrent refreshed each half-cycle TIME PLOT EVENT
Measurement method	RMS voltage refreshed each half-cycle: True RMS type, RMS voltage values are calculated using sample data for
motriod	1 waveform derived by overlapping the voltage waveform every half-cycle
	RMS current refreshed each half-cycle:
Sampling frequency	RMS current is calculated using current waveform data sampled every half-cycle 200kHz
Measurement range,	RMS voltage refreshed each half-cycle: 600.00V, 0.01V
resolution	RMS current refreshed each half-cycle: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications
Measurement	RMS voltage refreshed each half-cycle:
accuracy	±0.2% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V)
	(With 1.666% r.s. to 110% r.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2%rdg.±0.08%f.s.
	(With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal
	input voltage of less than 100 V) RMS current refreshed each half-cycle:
	±0.3% rdg.±0.5%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy
Swell/ Dip/ Inter	ruption FLUCTUATION EVENT
Display item	Swell: Swell height, Swell duration
	Dip: Dip depth, Dip duration Interruption: Interruption depth, Interruption duration
Measurement	Swell: A swell is detected when the RMS voltage refreshed each
method	half-cycle exceeds the threshold in the positive direction
	Dip: A dip is detected when the RMS voltage refreshed each
	half-cycle exceeds the threshold in the negative direction Interruption: An interruption is detected when the RMS voltage refreshed
	each half-cycle exceeds the threshold in the negative direction
Range and accuracy	See RMS voltage refreshed each half-cycle
	CI HATHERAN
nrush current	FLUCTUATION
Display item	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle
Display item Measurement	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds
Display item  Measurement  method	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  1S current  TIME PLOT EVENT
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  Scurrent TIME PLOT EVENT RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  Scurrent  RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current:
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM Display items	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  1S current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels  RMS current:  RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items Measurement	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  Scurrent  RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current:
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current: RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor)
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range,	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current: RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current: RMS current or each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels RMS current to reach channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels RMS current to RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction See RMS current TIME PLOT EVENT RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) 200kHz RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications RMS voltage:
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current: RMS current reach channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage: BMS voltage: 40.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V)
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction See RMS current TIME PLOT EVENT RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS current RMS current TO EVENT RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current: RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) 200kHz RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.668% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2%rdg.±0.08% f.s.
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  1S current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels  RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor)  RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2% rdg.±0.08% fs. (With input outside the range of 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. or a nominal
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction See RMS current TIME PLOT EVENT RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) 200kHz RMS voltage: RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.296rdg.±0.08% f.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V) RMS current:
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels  RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor)  RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage:  600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage:  ±0.1% of nominal voltage  (With 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V)  ±0.29/crdg.±0.08% f.s.  (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current:  ±0.2% rdg.±0.1%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2%rdg.±0.08% f.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V) RMS current: ±0.2% rdg.±0.1%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS voltage: GO0.00V, 0.01V  RMS voltage: GO0.00V, 0.01V  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage: 40.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) 40.2% rdg. 4.0.08% fs.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V) RMS current: 40.2% rdg. ±0.01% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT  EVENT  EVENT
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  //oltage waveform Display item  Measurement	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2%rdg.±0.08% f.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V) RMS current: ±0.2% rdg.±0.1%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  //oltage waveform Display item  Measurement method	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current: RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels RC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS valuage: RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% fs. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2% rdg.±0.08%f.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current: ±0.2% rdg.±0.1%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS voltage: 90.000 of nominal voltage (With 1.666K s. to 110K f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) 90.2% rdg. ±0.08 f.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666K f.s. to 110K f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V) RMS current: 90.2% rdg. ±0.10 f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak:
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels  RMS current to reach channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  RMS voltage calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2% rdg.±0.08% fs. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current: ±0.2% rdg.±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak: ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current TIME PLOT EVENT  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels  RMS current  RMS current Time PLOT EVENT  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor)  RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage:  600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage:  ±0.1% of nominal voltage  (With 1.66% fs. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V)  ±0.2% rdg.±0.08 %f.s.  (With input outside the range of 1.666% fs. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current:  ±0.2% rdg.±0.1%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak:
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels  RMS current to reach channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  RMS voltage calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2% rdg.±0.08% fs. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current: ±0.2% rdg.±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak: ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  //oltage waveform Display item  Measurement Measurement Measurement Measurement Measurement Measurement Measurement Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  Scurrent  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2%rdg.±0.08% f.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current: ±0.2% rdg.±0.1%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak: ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: The quadruple of RMS current measurement range Due to using clamp-on sensor; See Input specifications
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  Scurrent  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2%rdg.±0.08% f.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current: ±0.2% rdg.±0.1%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak: ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: The quadruple of RMS current measurement range Due to using clamp-on sensor; See Input specifications
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels  RMS current: RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  RC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor)  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage: 40.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% fs. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.2% rdg.±0.08%f.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current:  Peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak: ±120.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: ±120.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: The quadruple of RMS current measurement range Due to using clamp-on sensor; See Input specifications  r comparison  Event detection only  A judgment area is automatically generated from the previous 200 ms aggregation
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current  RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor)  RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.29%rdg.±0.08% f.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current: ±0.2% rdg.±0.1%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak: ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: The quadruple of RMS current measurement range Due to using clamp-on sensor; See Input specifications  **Comparison**  EVENT**  EVENT**  EVENT**
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement faccuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS voltage: 90.00 of nominal voltage (With 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) +20.29% rdg. +0.08% fs.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V) RMS current: +0.29 rdg. +0.08% fs.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak TIME PLOT  EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak: +1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: +1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: +1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: -1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: -120
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage:  600.00V, 0.01V  RMS voltage:  600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage:  40.1% of nominal voltage  (With 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V)  40.2% rdg. ±0.08% fs.s.  (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current:  ±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak only  Current waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpe
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RN Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement range, resolution  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V  RMS voltage: 900.00V, 0.01V  RMS voltage: 10.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) 10.2 eyrdg. 4.0.08 ff.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V) RMS current: 10.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak TIME PLOT  EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak: 1100.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: 11200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: 12200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: 12200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak: 12200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Cu
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Frequency cycle	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current refreshed each half-cycle  IS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current tor each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage:  600.00V, 0.01V  RMS voltage:  600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage:  ±0.1% of nominal voltage  (With 1.666% fs. to 110% fs. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V)  ±0.2% rdg.±0.8% fs.s.  (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current:  ±0.2% rdg.±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement range, resolution  Comparison window width No. of window points Frequency cycle	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current to reach channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor)  RMS voltage:  AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor)  RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage:  ±0.1% of nominal voltage  #With 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V)  ±0.2% rdg.±0.08% f.s.  (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current:  ±0.2% rdg.±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak:  The quadruple of RMS current measurement range  Due to using clamp-on sensor; See Input specifications  m comparison  EVENT  EVENT  EVENT  Calculated as the reciprocal of the accumulated whole-cycle time
Display item Measurement method Range and accuracy RMS voltage, RM Display items  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement range, resolution  Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution  Voltage waveform Display item Measurement method  Comparison window points Frequency cycle Measurement method	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage:  RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  RMS current:  RMS current (or each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  RMS current:  RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels  AC-PD True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor)  RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage:  600.00V, 0.01V  RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  RMS voltage:  ±0.1% of nominal voltage  (With 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V)  ±0.2% rdg.±0.08% f.s.  (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V)  RMS current:  ±0.2% rdg.±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak:  ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V  Current waveform peak:  1 be quadruple of RMS current measurement range  Due to using clamp-on sensor; See Input specifications  n comparison  EVENT  EVENT  Calculated as the reciprocal of the accumulated whole-cycle time during one U1 (reference channel) cycle
Measurement method Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy	Maximum current of RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle  Detected when the RMS current refreshed each 1/2 cycle exceeds the threshold in a positive direction  See RMS current  TIME PLOT  EVENT  RMS voltage: RMS voltage: RMS voltage for each channel and AVG (average) RMS voltage for multiple channels RMS current  RMS current for each channel and AVG (average) RMS current for multiple channels AC+DC True RMS type (Current DC value: with release of new clamp-on sensor) RMS value calculated from 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)  200kHz  RMS voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V RMS current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications RMS voltage: ±0.1% of nominal voltage (With 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. input and a nominal input voltage of at least 100 V) ±0.29%rdg.±0.08% f.s. (With input outside the range of 1.666% f.s. to 110% f.s. or a nominal input voltage of less than 100 V) RMS current: ±0.2% rdg.±0.1%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Peak/ Current waveform peak TIME PLOT  EVENT  Positive peak value and negative peak value  Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) maximum and minimum points sampled during approx. 200 ms aggregation  200kHz  Voltage waveform peak: ±1200.0 Vpeak, 0.1V Current waveform peak: The quadruple of RMS current measurement range Due to using clamp-on sensor; See Input specifications  **Comparison**  Event detection only A judgment area is automatically generated from the previous 200 ms aggregation  averorm, and events are generated based on a comparison with the judgment waveform, and events are generated based on a comparison with the judgment waveform. Maveform judgments are performed once for each 200 ms aggregation  10 cycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  4096 points synchronized with harmonic calculations  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Calculated as the reciprocal of the accumulated whole-cycle time during one U1 (reference channel) cycle  70.000Hz, 0.001Hz

Frequency Measurement	Calculated as the reciprocal of the accumulated whole-cycle time during
method	approx. 200ms period of 10 or 12 U1 (reference channel) cycles
Measurement range, resolution	
	40.000 to 70.000Hz
Measurement accuracy	±0.020 Hz or less
10-sec frequency	
Measurement method	Calculated as the reciprocal of the accumulated whole-cycle time during the specified 10s period for U1 (reference channel) as per IEC61000-4-30
Measurement range, resolution	70.000Hz, 0.001Hz
	40.000 to 70.000Hz
Measurement accuracy	±0.010 Hz or less
oltage DC value	
Measurement method	Average value during approx. 20ms aggregation synchronized with the reference channel (CH4 only)
Sampling frequency	
Measurement range, resolution	
Measurement accuracy	±0.3%rdg. ±0.08%f.s.
Current DC value	e (ch4 only; with release of new clamp-on sensor) TIME PLOT EVENT
Measurement	Average value during approx. 200ms aggregation synchronized to
method	reference channel (CH4 only)
Sampling frequency	
Measurement range, resolution  Measurement accuracy	Based on clamp-on sensor in use (with release of new clamp-on sensor) ±0.5% rdg,±0.5%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy
	parent power/ Reactive power TIME PLOT EVENT
Display items	Active power: Active power for each channel and sum value for multiple channels
Display items	Sink (consumption) and Source (regeneration)
	Apparent power: Apparent power of each channel and its sum for multiple channels  No polarity
	Reactive power: Reactive power of each channel and its sum for multiple channels
	Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage
Measurement method	Active power: Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) Apparent power: Calculated from RMS voltage U and RMS current I
metriou	Reactive power: Calculated from his voltage of and his current in
Sampling frequency	200kHz
Measurement range, resolution	
Measurement	Active power: ±0.2% rdg.±0.1%f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy  Apparent power:±1 dgt. for calculations derived from the various measurement value:
accuracy	Reactive power: ±1 dgt. for calculations derived from the various measurement values
Active energy /R	eactive energy TIME PLOT
Display items	Active energy: WP+ (consumption), WP- (regeneration); Sum of multiple channels
	Reactive energy: WQLAG (lag), WQLEAD (lead); Sum for multiple channels Elapsed time
Measurement	Measured every 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz)
method	Integrated separately by consumption and regeneration from active power Integrated separately by lag and lead from reactive power
	Integration starts at the same time as recording
Sampling frequency	Recorded at the specified TIMEPLOT interval
Sampling frequency	
	200kHz  Depends on the voltage vicurrent range combination: see linuit specifications
Measurement range, resolution Measurement	
Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy	Depends on the voltage x current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor:  Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items Measurement	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor:  Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor:
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items Measurement	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor:  Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor:  Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor /Dis Display items Measurement method	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor:  Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor:  Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave  Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage)
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items Measurement method  Sampling frequency	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor:  Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor:  Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave  Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor /Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor / Cu	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor:  Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor:  Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave  Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage  200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor / Cu	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor:  Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor:  Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave  Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage  200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor:
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor / Cu	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor:
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor:  Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor:  Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave  Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  TIME PLOT  Voltage unbalance factor:  Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor:  Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave  Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage  200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  rrent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  TIME PLOT  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor:  Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor:  Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave  Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  TIME PLOT  Voltage unbalance factor:  Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor:  Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution //oltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase) Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz Voltage unbalance factor:
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Measurement method  Sampling frequency	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Measurement method  Sampling frequency	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz Voltage unbalance factor:
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range  Measurement range	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy: Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave  Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage  200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Tent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor  Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections  200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: ±0.15%
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range  Measurement range	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from RPMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  rrent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  TIME PLOT  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution (oftage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range  Measurement range	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications  Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Reactive energy: Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave  Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage  200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Tent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor  Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections  200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: ±0.15%
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  TIME PLOT  Voltage unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase) TIME PLOT  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00% Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%
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Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor:
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution //oltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement method  Measurement method  Measurement range  Measurement range	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  Displacement power factor  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor:  Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor:  Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Tent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor:  Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections  200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor:  Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor:  Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor:  Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor:  Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor:  Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor:  Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: ±0.15%  Current unbalance factor: ±0.15%  Current unbalance factor: and continuous transient incidents  High-order harmonic current component value  High-order harmonic current component maximum value
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor:
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  EVENT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels  Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P  Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave  Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage  200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  rrent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  TIME PLOT  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections  200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  For single incidents and continuous transient incidents  High-order harmonic current component maximum value  High-order harmonic voltage component period  High-order harmonic voltage component period
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement accuracy ligh-order harmonic voltage compone Display items  Measurement	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy: Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy: Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  wrent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: ± 0.15%  Current unbalance factor: ± 0.15%  Current unbalance factor: component value High-order harmonic voltage component value High-order harmonic current component maximum value High-order harmonic voltage component maximum value High-order harmonic current component maximum value High-order harmonic current component period The waveform obtained by eliminating the fundamental component is
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy: Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy: Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00% Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage onbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage onbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage onbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltag
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Display items	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy: Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy: Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  wrent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: ± 0.15%  Current unbalance factor: ± 0.15%  Current unbalance factor: component value High-order harmonic voltage component value High-order harmonic current component maximum value High-order harmonic voltage component maximum value High-order harmonic current component maximum value High-order harmonic current component period The waveform obtained by eliminating the fundamental component is
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range  Measurement range  Display items  Measurement range  Measurement range	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  EVENT Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase) TIME PLOT  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00% Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00% Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  For single incidents and continuous transient incidents High-order harmonic voltage component value High-order harmonic current component maximum value High-order harmonic current component maximum value High-order harmonic current component maximum value High-order harmonic current component period High-order harmonic current component period The waveform obtained by eliminating the fundamental component is calculated using the true RMS method during 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution  foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Display items  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Sampling frequency  Measurement range  Measurement range  Sampling frequency  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range, resolution	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy: Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy: Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  Trent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00% Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  To single incidents and continuous transient incidents High-order harmonic voltage component walue High-order harmonic voltage component maximum value High-order harmonic vo
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Power factor / Dis Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range, resolution foltage unbalance factor/ Cu Display items  Measurement method  Sampling frequency Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement range  Measurement accuracy ligh-order harmonic voltage compone Display items  Measurement	Depends on the voltage × current range combination; see Input specifications Active energy: Active power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt. Reactive energy:Reactive power measurement accuracy ±10 dgt.  Splacement power factor  TIME PLOT  Displacement power factor of each channel and its sum value for multiple channels Power factor: Calculated from RMS voltage U, RMS current I, and active power P Displacement power factor: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental voltage wave and the fundamental current wave Lag phase (LAG: current lags voltage) and Lead phase (LEAD: current leads voltage 200kHz  -1.0000 (lead) to 0.0000 to 1.0000 (lag)  rrent unbalance factor (negative-phase, zero-phase)  TIME PLOT  Voltage unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Current unbalance factor: Negative-phase unbalance factor, zero-phase unbalance factor Calculated using various components of the three-phase fundamental wave (line-to-line voltage) for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire connections 200kHz  Voltage unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor: Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Current unbalance factor:  Component is V and unbalance factor is 0.00% to 100.00%  Voltage unbalance factor:  Tilligh-order harmonic voltage component value High-order harmonic current component walue High-order harmonic current component maximum value High-order harmonic voltage component maximum value High-order harmonic current component maximum value High-order harmonic voltage component period High-order harmonic current component period The waveform obtained by eliminating the fundamental component is calculated using the true RMS method during 10 cycles (50 Hz) or 12 cycles (60 Hz) of the fundamental wave

TIME PLOT

Short interval flicker Pst, long interval flicker Plt

	_	rrent (including fundamental component) TIME PLOT EVENT						
Display items	Select either RMS or content percentage; From 0 to 50th order							
Measurement method	Uses IEC61000-4-7:2002.  10 cycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)							
No. of window points	4096 points synchronized with harmonic calculations							
Measurement range,	Harmonic voltage:600.00V, 0.01V							
resolution	_	Harmonic current: Based on clamp-on sensor in use; see Input specifications  See measurement accuracy with a fundamental wave of 50/60 Hz						
Measurement accuracy		When using an AC-only clamp sensor, 0th order is not specified for current and power						
Total harmonic voltage Display items	THD	Il harmonic current distortion factor TIME PLOT EVENT  -F (total harmonic distortion factor for the fundamental wave)  -R (total harmonic distortion factor for the total harmonic including the fundamental wave)						
Measurement method		ed on IEC61000-4-7:2002; Max. order: 50th						
Comparison window width	_	ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)						
No. of window points	_	4096 points synchronized with harmonic calculations						
Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy	0.00	to 100.00%(Voltage), 0.00 to 500.00%(Current)						
		ding fundamental component) TIME PLOT EVENT						
Display item  Measurement method	_	ct either RMS or content percentage; From 0 to 50th order s IEC61000-4-7:2002.						
	10 cycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)							
No. of window points	_	4096 points synchronized with harmonic calculations						
Measurement range, resolution	Depe	nds on the voltage × current range combination; See Input specifications						
Measurement		measurement accuracy with a fundamental wave of 50/60 Hz						
accuracy		using an AC-only clamp sensor, order 0 is not specified for current and power						
Measurement Harmonic input		uracy with a fundamental wave of 50/60 Hz Measurement accuracy						
Voltage (At leas		Specified with a nominal voltage of at least 100 V						
of nominal volta		Order 0: ±0.3%rdg.±0.08%f.s.						
Voltage (<1% of	f	Order 1+: ±5.00%rdg Specified with a nominal voltage of at least 100 V						
nominal voltage		Order 0: ±0.3%rdg.±0.08%f.s.						
Current		Order 1+: ±0.05% of nominal voltage						
Current		Order 0: ±0.5%rdg.±0.5%f.s. +clamp-on sensor accuracy Order 1 to 20th: ±0.5%rdg.±0.2%f.s. +clamp-on sensor accuracy						
Power		Order 21 to 50th: ±1.0%rdg.±0.3%f.s. +clamp-on sensor accuracy  Order 0: ±0.5%rdg.±0.5%f.s. +clamp-on sensor accuracy						
1 OWEI		Order 1 to 20th: ±0.5%rdg.±0.2%f.s. +clamp-on sensor accuracy						
		Order 21 to 30th: ±1.0%rdg.±0.3%f.s. +clamp-on sensor accuracy Order 31 to 40th: ±2.0%rdg.±0.3%f.s. +clamp-on sensor accuracy						
		Order 41 to 50th: ±3.0%rdg.±0.3%f.s. +clamp-on sensor accuracy						
		TIME DI OT						
iarmonic voitage phase angle/ Ha Display item	_	urrent phase angle (including fundamental component) (TIME PLOT)  nonic phase angle components for whole orders						
Measurement method	_	s IEC61000-4-7:2002.						
Comparison window width		ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)						
No. of window points	_	5 points synchronized with harmonic calculations						
		.00° to 0.00° to 180.00°						
Measurement accuracy	_							
		angle (including fundamental component) TIME PLOT EVENT						
	Indic	cates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle						
	Indic and Harr	tates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and						
Display item	Indicand And Harr sum	cates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels						
Display item  Measurement method	Indicand Harr sum Uses	tates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels  EC61000-4-7:2002.						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width	Indicand Harr sum Uses	vates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7;2002. ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points	Indicand Harr sum Uses 10 c	tates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels  EC61000-4-7:2002.						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Indicand Harrisum Uses 10 cm 4096 -180	cates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels  is IEC61000-4-7:2002.  ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  is points synchronized with harmonic calculations  .00° to 0.00° to 180.00°  ord orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Indicand Harr sum Uses 10 cm 4096 -180 1st to 4th to	vates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels  s IEC61000-4-7:2002.  ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  5 points synchronized with harmonic calculations  .00° to 0.00° to 180.00°  o 3rd orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy  5 50th orders: ±(0.05° ×k+2°) +clamp-on sensor accuracy; (k: harmonic orders)						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Indicand Harr sum Uses 10 c: 4096 -180 1st to 4th to	vates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels  s IEC61000-4-7:2002.  ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  5 points synchronized with harmonic calculations  .00° to 0.00° to 180.00°  o 3rd orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy  5 50th orders: ±(0.05° ×k+2°) +clamp-on sensor accuracy; (k: harmonic orders)						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy	Indicand Harr sum Uses 10 cm 4096 -180 1st to 4th to Specilevel	tates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels  is IEC61000-4-7:2002.  ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  points synchronized with harmonic calculations  00° to 0.00° to 180.00°  ord orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy 50th orders: ±(0.5° × k+2°) +clamp-on sensor accuracy; (k: harmonic orders)  cified with a harmonic voltage of 1 V for each order and a current of at 1% f.s. or greater.						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  nter-harmonic vol	Indicand Harr sum Uses 10 cm 4096 -180 1st to 4th to Specific level	tates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels  is IEC61000-4-7:2002.  ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  points synchronized with harmonic calculations  00° to 0.00° to 180.00°  ord orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy 50th orders: ±(0.5° × k+2°)+clamp-on sensor accuracy; (k: harmonic orders)  cified with a harmonic voltage of 1 V for each order and a current of at 1% f.s. or greater.						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  nter-harmonic vol: Display item	Indicand Harr sum Uses 10 c; 4096 -180 1st to 4th to Specievel	the harmonic current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase angle.  monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels  s IEC61000-4-7:2002.  ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  5 points synchronized with harmonic calculations.  0.0° to 0.00° to 180.00°  o 3rd orders: ±2° +clamp-on sensor accuracy of 50th orders: ±(0.05° x+2°) +clamp-on sensor accuracy; (k: harmonic orders) cified with a harmonic voltage of 1 V for each order and a current of at 1% f.s. or greater.						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  nter-harmonic voli Display item Measurement method	Indicand Harrisum Uses 10 c: 4096 -180 1st tc 4th tc Specievel tage Sele Uses	the harmonic current phase angle. monic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7:2002. species (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz) processes (60 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz) processes (60 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz) processes (60 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz), 12 cyc						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  nter-harmonic voli Display item Measurement method Comparison window width	Indiciand Harrsum Uses 10 cc 4096 -180 1st tc 4th tc Specellevel Uses 10 cc	the harmonic current phase angle. monic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7:2002. species (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz) properties of points synchronized with harmonic calculations 1.00° to 0.00° to 180.00° of orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy of 50th orders: ±20°+clamp-on sensor accuracy; (k: harmonic orders) cified with a harmonic voltage of 1 V for each order and a current of at 1% f.s. or greater.  TIME PLOT ct either RMS or content percentage; 0.5 to 49.5th orders is IEC61000-4-7:2002.						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy Inter-harmonic vol Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range,	Indicand Harrisum Uses 10 c 4096 -180 1st tc 4th tc Specievel Uses 10 c 4096 Inter-	cates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  In onic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels  EC61000-4-7:2002.  In our of the control of the co						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Inter-harmonic vol Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution	Indicand Harrisum Uses 10 c 4096 -180 Ist tc 4th tc Specelevel Uses 4096 Inter-Inter-	cates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  In oncir voltage-current phase angle.  In oncir voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels.  In EC61000-4-7:2002.  In openits synchronized with harmonic calculations.  In one to 0.00° to 180.00°  In orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy.  In orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor.  In orders: ±2°+clamp-on senso						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Inter-harmonic vol <sup>*</sup> Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Indicand Harrisum Uses 10 cg 4096 -180 1st tc 4th tc Specific Uses 10 cg 4096 Inter-	cates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  In onic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels  EC61000-4-7:2002.  In our of the control of the co						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Inter-harmonic vol <sup>*</sup> Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement	Indicand Harrasum Uses 10 c: 4096 -180 1st tc 4th tc 4th tc 4th tc 10 c: 4096 1nter-Inter-A	parties the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle.  In onic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels (total) value for multiple value (total) value for multiple value (total) value for the value (total) value for the val						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy Inter-harmonic voli Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement range, resolution	Indicand Harrasum Uses 10 cc 180 1st tc 4096 Sele Uses 10 cc 4096 Inter-Inter- A < Inter-	training the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. In monic voltage-current phase angle. In monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7:2002. It is IEC6100						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy Inter-harmonic voli Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  K Factor (multipl	Indicand Harr sum Uses 10 cc 14096 Sele Uses 10 cc 4096 Inter-Inter-A < Inter-	parties the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. In monic voltage-current phase angle. In monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7:2002. It is IEC61000-4-7:2003. It is IEC61000						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy Inter-harmonic voli Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  K Factor (multipl Measurement method	Indicand Harring Sum Uses 10 c - 180 1st tc 4th tc Specific Ievel Uses 10 c - 4096 1st tc 4th tc Specific Inter-In	training the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. In monic voltage-current phase angle. In monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7:2002. It is IEC6100						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy Inter-harmonic voli Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  K Factor (multipl Measurement method Comparison window width Comparison window width	Indicand Harrisum Uses 10 c 10 c 180 1st tc 4th tc Specific Sele Uses 10 c 4096 1nter-Inter-A (Inter-Inter-A (Inter-Inter-A (Inter-Inter-Inter-A (Inter-Inter-Inter-A (Inter-Inter-Inter-A (Inter-Inte	parties the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. In monic voltage-current phase angle. In monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7:2002. It is IEC61000-4-7:2003. It is IEC610000-4-7:2003. It is IEC61000-4-7:2003. It is IEC610000-4-7:2003. It is IEC61000-4-7:2003. It is IEC610						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy Inter-harmonic vol: Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  K Factor (multipl Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window width Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points	Indicand Harr Sum Uses 10 cc 4096 1st tc 4th tc 5 special level Uses 10 cc 10	parales the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. In monic voltage-current phase angle. In monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7;2002. It is IEC61000-4-7;2002. It is IEC61000-4-7;2002. It is IEC61000-4-7;2003. It is IEC61000						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy Inter-harmonic voli Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  K Factor (multipl Measurement method	Indicand Harr Sum Uses 10 cc 4096 1st tc 4th tc 5 special level Uses 10 cc 10	parates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle, monic voltage-current phase angle, monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7;2002.  Sycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  5 points synchronized with harmonic calculations 1.00° to 0.00° to 180.00° of 0.00° of 0.00						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Inter-harmonic vol: Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  K Factor (multipl Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement range, resolution	Indicand Harr Sum Uses 10 c 4099 1st tc 4th tc Speel level Uses 10 c 4096 Inter- Inter	parates the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. monic voltage-current phase angle. monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7;2002. sycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  5 points synchronized with harmonic calculations						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Inter-harmonic volt Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  K Factor (multipl Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy Instantaneous fli	Indicand Harrisum Uses 10 c: 4096   Sele Uses 10 c: 4096   Inter-i	takes the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle, monic voltage-current phase angle, monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7:2002.  ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  3 points synchronized with harmonic calculations.  .00° to 0.00° to 180.00°  3 ord orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy of 50th orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy; (k: harmonic orders) cified with a harmonic voltage of 1 V for each order and a current of at 1% f.s. or greater.  and inter-harmonic current TIME PLOT  ct either RMS or content percentage; 0.5 to 49.5th orders is IEC61000-4-7:2002.  ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  3 points synchronized with harmonic calculations harmonic voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V harmonic voltage: 600.00V, 0.01V harmonic voltage (Specified with a nominal voltage of at least 100 V): t least 1% of harmonic input nominal voltage: ±5.00% rdg.  1% of harmonic input nominal voltage: ±5.00% rdg.  1% of harmonic input nominal voltage: ±0.05% of nominal voltage harmonic current: Unspecified  TIME PLOT EVENT  ulated using the harmonic RMS current of the 2nd to 50th orders ycles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  5 points synchronized with harmonic calculations  to 500.00						
Display item  Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  Inter-harmonic volt Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  K Factor (multipl Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy Instantaneous fli	Indicand Harr Sum Uses 10 c 4096 1st tc Speel level Uses 10 c 4096 1st tc 4096	parties the difference between the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. monic voltage-current phase angle. monic voltage-current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7:2002. speles (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz). 5 points synchronized with harmonic calculations .00° to .00° to .180.00° of .00° to .10° of .00° to .180.00° of .00° of .10° of						
Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy Inter-harmonic volicity Display item Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement accuracy  K Factor (multipl Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution Measurement method Comparison window width No. of window points Measurement range, resolution	Indicand Harr sum Uses 10 c 4090 1st tc Speel level Uses 10 c 4090 1nter-Inter	the harmonic current phase angle the harmonic voltage phase angle the harmonic current phase angle. The harmonic current phase difference for each channel and (total) value for multiple channels is IEC61000-4-7:2002. Species (50 Hz), 12 cycles (60 Hz)  5 points synchronized with harmonic calculations 1.00° to 0.00° to 180.00° of 3rd orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy 1.00° to 0.00° to 180.00° of 3rd orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy 1.00° to 180.00° of 3rd orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy 1.00° to 180.00° of 3rd orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy 1.00° to 190.00° to 180.00° of 10° to 180.00° of 10° to 180.00° of 10° to 180.00° of 10° to 20° to 180.00° of 10° to 20° to 3rd orders: ±2°+clamp-on sensor accuracy; (k: harmonic orders) cified with a harmonic current 11 TIME PLOT 11 of 180.00° of 18						

Display items	Short interval flicker Pst, long interval flicker Plt							
Measurement	Based on IEC61000-4-15:1997 +A1:2003 Ed1/Ed2.							
method	Pst is calculated after 10 minutes of continuous measurement and Plt after 2 hours of continuous measurement							
Measurement range	0.0001 to 10000 P.U. broken into 1,024 segments with a logarithm							
Measurement	Pst ±5% rdg. (Specified within range 0.1000 to 20.000 using IEC61000-							
accuracy	4-15 Ed1.1 and IEC61000-4-15 Ed2 Class F1 performance test.)							
Flicker filter	Select 230 V lamp Ed1, 120 V lamp Ed1, 230 V lamp Ed2, or 120 V lamp Ed2							
V10 Flicker			TIME P	LOT				
Display items	hour, fourth largest value for one	$\Delta$ V10 measured at one minute intervals, average value for one hour, maximum value for one hour, fourth largest value for one hour, total (within the measurement interval) maximum value Calculated values are subject to 100 V conversion following gap-less measurement once each minute						
Measurement method  Measurement range, resolution	0.000 to 99.999V	v conversio	n rollowing gap-less mea	surement once each minute				
Measurement	±2% rdg.±0.01 V (with a fundamental wave of 100 Vrms [50/60 Hz],							
accuracy	a fluctuation voltage of 1							
Threshold	0.00 to 9.99V alarm out	he thres	hold and found					
Clamp-on sensor	rs specifications (Op CLAMP ON SENSOR		MP ON SENSOR	CLAMP ON SENSOR				
Ciamp-on sensor	9694	CLAN	9660	9661				
Primary current rating	5A AC		100A AC	500A AC				
Output voltage	10mV/A AC	AC	1mV/A AC	AC 1mV/A AC				
Measurement range			t specifications					
Amplitude accuracy *	±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f.s. *	±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f.s. *		±0.3%rdg.±0.01%f.s				
Phase accuracy *	±2° or less *	±1° or less * 130 A continuous *		±0.5° or less *				
Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated	50 A continuous *			550 A continuous *				
voltage to earth	CAT III 3	00Vrms	CAT III 600 Vrms					
Frequency characteristics	±1.0% or less for 66Hz			specified accuracy)				
Cord length		3m (9.84ft)						
Measurable conductor diameter  Dimensions & weight	Max.φ15mm (0.59") N 46W(1.81")×135H(5.31")×21D(0.83")mm, 78			Max.φ46mm (1.81" 78W(3.07")×152H(5.98")×4				
Appearance	230g(8 See "Optio		rent measureme	D(1.65")mm, 380g(13.4oz.				
*: 45 to 66Hz	L Gee Obiio	nio, Ouff	on measureme	1. (P.14)				
Clamp-on sensor	CLAMP ON SENSOR	9669	CLAMP OI	N SENSOR 9667				
Primary current rating	1000 A AC		500A A	C, 5000A AC				
Output voltage	0.5mV/A AC		500	mV AC f.s.				
Measurement range	S	See inpu	t specifications					
Amplitude accuracy *	±1.0%rdg.±0.01%f.	s. *		mV (for input 10% or				
Phase accuracy *	±1° or less *		more of the range) * ±1° or less *					
Maximum allowable input *	1000 A continuous	s *	10000 A continuous *					
Maximum rated	CATIII 600Vrms		CATIII 1000 Vrms					
voltage to earth			(insulated conductor)					
Frequency characteristics	Within ±2% at 40Hz to (deviation from accur		±3dB or less for 10 Hz to 20kHz (deviation from accuracy)					
Cord length	3m (9.84ft)	acy	Sensor to circuit: 2m (6.56ft)					
Measurable con-	Max. φ55 mm(2.17")		Circuit to connector: 1m (3.28ft)  Max. φ254mm(10")					
ductor diameter  Dimensions and	(3.15")×20(0.79") mm b		Sensor length: 910 mm (2.99 ft), 240 g (8.5 oz.)					
weight	42D (1.65") mm, 590g (20		Circuit: 57W (2.24") × 86H (3.39") × 30D (1.18") mm, 140 g (4.9 oz.)					
Power supply	_		LR03 alkaline battery × 4 (continuous operation max. 168 hours) or AC ADAPTER 9445 (sold separately)					
Appearance	See "Options, Current m	neasure		1 9443 (Solu Separately)				
*: 45 to 66Hz								
Clamp-on sensor	CLAMP ON SENSOR 9695-02							
		695-02		SENSOR 9695-03				
Primary current rating	50A AC	695-02	1	00A AC				
Primary current rating Output voltage	50A AC 10mV/A AC		1 1r					
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range	50A AC 10mV/A AC	See inpu	1r 1r t specifications	00A AC nV/A AC				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy *	50A AC 10mV/A AC	See inpu	1 1rt specifications ±0.3%rc	00A AC				
Primary current rating Output voltage	50A AC 10mV/A AC S ±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f.	See inpu .s. *	1 1rt specifications ±0.3%rc	00A AC nV/A AC lg.±0.02%f.s. *				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated	50A AC 10mV/A AC S ±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f. Within ±2° * 130 A continuous	See inpu	1 1rt specifications ±0.3%rc	00A AC nV/A AC 1g.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous *				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth	50A AC 10mV/A AC \$ ±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f. Within ±2°* 130 A continuous CATIII 3	See inpu .s. * .*	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	00A AC nV/A AC (g.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous *				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ ±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f. Within ±2° * 130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within ±2% at 44	See inpu .s. * .* .00Vrms	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	00A AC nV/A AC Ig.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor)				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length	50A AC 10mV/A AC \$ ±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f. Within ±2°* 130 A continuous CATIII 3	See inpu .s. * * 00Vrms 0Hz to 5	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	00A AC nV/A AC Ig.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor)				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ ±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f. Within ±2° * 130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within ±2% at 44  CONNECTION C	See inpu .s. *  *  000Vrms  0Hz to 5  ORD 92  Max.  Max.	1 1rt specifications ±0.3%rc Wi 130 A (insulated condicided in the	DOA AC nV/A AC  Ig.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor) rom accuracy) tely) is required.				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ ±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f. Within ±2° * 130 A continuous CATIII 3 Within ±2% at 4! CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")×58 See "Optio	See inpu .s. *  *  OOVrms  OHz to 5  ORD 92  Max.  H(2.28"	1:	DOA AC nV/A AC  g.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor) rom accuracy) rely) is required. , 50g(1.8oz.)				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIO	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ ±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f. Within ±2° * 130 A continuous  CATIII 3 Within ±2% at 44 CONNECTION C	See inpu .s. *  OOVrms OHz to 5 ORD 92 Max.  H(2.28"	1:	DOA AC nV/A AC  g.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor) rom accuracy) rely) is required. , 50g(1.8oz.)				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIC *: 45 to 66Hz	50A AC  10mV/A AC  \$ \times 0.3\%\rdg.\pm 0.02\%\f.     \times 130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within \pm 2\% at 44  CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")\times 58  See "Optio  DN CORD 9219 (sold see	See inpu .s. *  * 000Vrms 0Hz to 5 ORD 92 Max.  H(2.28" nns, Curreparatel	1 t specifications ±0.3%rc Wi 130 A (insulated condicted	DOA AC nV/A AC  g.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor) rom accuracy) rely) is required. , 50g(1.8oz.)				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIO *: 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor	50A AC  10mV/A AC  \$ \times 0.3\% rdg.\times 0.02\% ft.  Within \times 2\% \times 130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within \times 2\% at 44  CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")\times 58  See "Optio  ON CORD 9219 (sold see  CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9	See inpu .s. *  * 000Vrms 0Hz to 5 ORD 92 Max.  H(2.28" nns, Curre  paratel	1 t specifications ±0.3%rc Wi 130 A (insulated condicted	DOA AC nV/A AC  g_±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor) rom accuracy) tely) is required.  g_50g(1.8oz.) nt (p.12)"				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy* Phase accuracy* Maximum allowable input* Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIO *: 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor Primary current rating	50A AC  10mV/A AC  \$ \times 0.3\% rdg.\times 0.02\% ft.  Within \times 2\% \times 130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within \times 2\% at 44  CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")\times 58  See "Optio  ON CORD 9219 (sold see  CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9	See inpu .s. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1 t specifications ±0.3%rc Wi 130 A (insulated condicided condicid	DOA AC nV/A AC  g_±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor) rom accuracy) tely) is required.  g_50g(1.8oz.) nt (p.12)"				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIC *: 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ \pmu 0.3\%rdg.\pmu 0.02\%f. Within \pmu 2^\circ * 130 A continuous CATIII 3 Within \pmu 2\% at 4\text{4} CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")\xis 58 See "Optio ON CORD 9219 (sold se  CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9 10A AC  See input specificat	See inpu .s. *  * 00Vrms 0Hz to 5  ORD 92  Max.  H(2.28"  ins, Curr  paratel  (Up to 5  100  tions (Carr  tions)	t specifications ±0.3%rc Wi 130 A (insulated conditions) 15mm(0.59") 15mm(0.59	DOA AC nV/A AC  ig.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor)  rom accuracy) rely) is required.  , 50g(1.8oz.) nt (p.12)"  EAK SENSOR 9675  8198)				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIC *: 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy *	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ \times \text{10mV/A AC} \text{S} \$ \times \text{1.3%rdg.\times 0.02%f.} \text{Within \times \text{2}^\circ *} \text{130 A continuous} \text{CATIII 3}  \text{Within \times \text{2}^\circ * at 4!} \text{CONNECTION C}  \text{51W(2.01")\times 58} \text{See "Optio ON CORD 9219 (sold see CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9}  10A AC  \text{See input specificat} \text{\text{4}.0%rdg.\text{\$\text{2}.0.05\sept{6}f.} \text{\$\text{5}\$} \text{\$\text{6}\$} \$\t	See inpu .s. *  * 00Vrms 0Hz to 5  ORD 92  Max.  H(2.28"  ins, Curr  paratel  (Up to 5  100  tions (Carr  tions)	1 t specifications ±0.3%rc Wii 130 A (insulated conditions) (insulat	DOA AC nV/A AC  ig.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor)  rom accuracy) tely) is required.  , 50g(1.8oz.) nt (p.12)"  EAK SENSOR 9675 3198)  measure power) g.±0.005%f.s. *				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIC *: 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Residual current	50A AC  10mV/A AC  \$ \pmu.3\%rdg.\pmu.0.2\%f. Within \pmu2^\sigma^*  130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within \pmu2\% at 44  CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")\x58  See "Optio ON CORD 9219 (sold see  CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9  10A AC  See input specificat  \pmu.5\max.5\max.5\max.	See inpu .s. *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *	1 t specifications  ±0.3%rc  Wi  130 A  (insulated condrible (deviation from the second from t	DOA AC nV/A AC  g_±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor) rom accuracy) rely) is required.  , 50g(1.8oz.) nt (p.12)"  EAK SENSOR 9675 3198)  remeasure power) g_±0.005%f.s. * ax. 1mA				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIC* : 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Residual current characteristics Effect of external	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ \pmu 0.3%rdg.\pmu 0.02%f. Within \pmu 2^\pm 130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within \pmu 2\pm 4 at 41  CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")\pm 58  See "Optio DN CORD 9219 (sold see  CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9  10A AC  See input specificat \pmu 1.0%rdg.\pm 0.05%f.  Max. 5mA (in 100A go and return elect	See inpu .s. *  * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1 t specifications  ±0.3%rc  Wi  130 A  (insulated condrible (deviation from the second from t	DOA AC nV/A AC  (g.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * uctor)  rom accuracy) ely) is required.  , 50g(1.8oz.) nt (p.12)"  EAK SENSOR 9675 3198)  reasure power) g.±0.005%f.s. * ax. 1mA ireturn electric wire)				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIC *: 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Residual current characteristics Effect of external magnetic fields	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ \times 0.3\%rdg.\pm 0.02\%f. Within \pm 2\circ * 130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within \pm 2\% at 4\text{4}  CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")\xxis 58  See "Optio DN CORD 9219 (sold see  CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9  10A AC  See input specificat \pm 1.0\%rdg.\pm 0.05\%f. Max. 5mA (in 100A go and return elect  400A AC/m	See inpu .s. *  OOVrms  OHZ to 5  ORD 92  Max.  Max.  H(2.28**  Ins., Curreparatel  OFF 100  (Up to 5  100  tions (Ca.s. *  tric wire)  corresp	1 tr specifications ±0.3%rc Wii 130 A (insulated conditions) ±10 A (insulated conditions) (	DOA AC nV/A AC  lg.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous *  uctor)  rom accuracy) rely) is required.  rough (p.12)"  EAK SENSOR 9675 3198)  remeasure power) g.±0.005%f.s. * axx. 1mA Ireturn electric wire) axx. 7.5mA				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIC *: 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Residual current characteristics Effect of external magnetic fields Maximum rated	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ \times 0.3\%rdg.\pm 0.02\%f. Within \pm 2\circ * 130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within \pm 2\% at 4\text{4}  CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")\xxis 58  See "Optio DN CORD 9219 (sold see  CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9  10A AC  See input specificat \pm 1.0\%rdg.\pm 0.05\%f. Max. 5mA (in 100A go and return elect  400A AC/m	See inpu .s. *  OOVrms  OHZ to 5  ORD 92  Max.  Max.  H(2.28**  Ins., Curreparatel  OFF 100  (Up to 5  100  tions (Ca.s. *  tric wire)  corresp	t specifications  ±0.3%rc  Wii  130 A  (insulated condustry) (insu	DOA AC nV/A AC  lg.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous *  uctor)  rom accuracy) rely) is required.  , 50g(1.8oz.) nt (p.12)"  EAK SENSOR 9675 3198)  remeasure power) g.±0.005%f.s. * axx. 1mA I return electric wire) axx. 7.5mA				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIC *: 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Residual current characteristics Effect of external magnetic fields Maximum rated voltage to earth	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ \times 0.3\%rdg.\pm 0.02\%f. Within \pm 2\circ * 130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within \pm 2\% at 4\text{4}  CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")\xxis 58  See "Optio DN CORD 9219 (sold see  CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9  10A AC  See input specificat \pm 1.0\%rdg.\pm 0.05\%f. Max. 5mA (in 100A go and return elect  400A AC/m	See inpu .s. *  * 00Vrms 0Hz to 5 ORD 92 Max.  #H(2.28" #H(2.28" 00Vrms curreparatel f657-10 (Up to 5 100 tions (Ca.s. * tric wire) corresp	1 tr specifications ±0.3%rc Wii 130 A (insulated conditions) ±10 A (insulated conditions) (	DOA AC nV/A AC  lg.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous *  uctor)  rom accuracy) rely) is required.  rough (p.12)"  EAK SENSOR 9675 3198)  remeasure power) g.±0.005%f.s. * axx. 1mA Ireturn electric wire) axx. 7.5mA				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Measurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIC *: 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Residual current characteristics	50A AC 10mV/A AC  \$ \times 0.3\%rdg.\pm 0.02\%f. Within \pm 2\circ * 130 A continuous  CATIII 3  Within \pm 2\% at 4\text{4}  CONNECTION C  51W(2.01")\xxis 58  See "Optio DN CORD 9219 (sold see  CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9  10A AC  See input specificat \pm 1.0\%rdg.\pm 0.05\%f. Max. 5mA (in 100A go and return elect  400A AC/m	See inpu .s. *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *  *	1 tr specifications  ±0.3%rc  Will  130 A  (insulated condor fixed deviation fixed deviation fixed fix	DOA AC nV/A AC  Ig.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous * Letor)  om accuracy) tely) is required.  , 50g(1.8oz.) nt (p.12)"  EAK SENSOR 9675 3198)  measure power) g.±0.005%f.s. * ax. 1mA Irreturn electric wire) ax. 7.5mA  Luctor)  0 mm(1.18oz")				
Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Phase accuracy * Maximum allowable input * Maximum rated voltage to earth Frequency characteristic Cord length Mesurable conductor diameter Dimensions and weight Appearance Note: CONNECTIC *: 45 to 66Hz Clamp-on leak sensor Primary current rating Output voltage Measurement range Amplitude accuracy * Reidual current characteristics Effect of external magnetic fields Maximum rated voltage to earth Cord length	50A AC 10mV/A AC 8 ±0.3%rdg.±0.02%f. Within ±2° * 130 A continuous CATIII 3 Within ±2% at 44 CONNECTION C 51W(2.01")×58 See "Optio DN CORD 9219 (sold se CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR 9 10A AC See input specificat ±1.0%rdg.±0.05%f. Max. 5mA (in 100A go and return elect 400A AC/m CATIII 3	Gee inpu .s. *  * 00Vrms 0Hz to 5 ORD 92 Max.  Max.  Hall (2.28" Ins., Curreparatel 100 tions (Cas. *  tric wire) 00Vrms 3n 7") 71")×	t specifications  ±0.3%rc  Wii  130 A  (insulated condol iskHz (deviation file) (deviation file) (insulated condol iskHz (deviation file) (deviation file) (insulated condol iskHz (deviation file) (insulated condol iskHz (deviation file) (insulated condol in (9.84ft)  Max. \$3  60W(2.36*	DOA AC nV/A AC  lg.±0.02%f.s. * thin ±1° * continuous *  uctor)  om accuracy) telly) is required.  j. 50g(1.8oz.) nt (p.12)"  EAK SENSOR 9675 3198)  measure power) g.±0.005%f.s. * axx. 1mA lreturn electric wire) axx. 7.5mA  uctor)				

IEC Flicker Display items

#### CLAMP ON SENSOR (Load current)



**9694** 5A AC, φ15mm(0.59 Cord length: 3m(9.84ft)



Cord length: 3m(9.84ft)



9695-02 (50A AC) **9695-03** (100A AC) φ15mm(0.59"), **CONNECTION CORD 9219** is required (sold separately)



**9667** 500A AC / 5000A AC (selectable),

φ254mm (10"), Cord length: Sensor to circuit: 2m (6.56ft) Circuit to connector: 1m (3,28ft) Power supply: LR03 alkaline battery or AC ADAPTER 9445-02/03 (sold separately)



9290-10 CT ratio 10:1, AC1000A φ55mm(2.17"), 80(3.15")×20(0.79")mm busbar, Cord length : 3m(9.84ft)

**CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR** (Leak Current)



9657-10 10A AC (Up to 5A on Model PW3198), φ40mm(1.57"), Cord length : 3m(9.84ft)



9675 10A AC (Up to 5A on Model PW3198), ф30mm(1.18") Cord length : 3m(9.84ft)

# **9660** 100A AC, φ15mm(0.59"),



**9669** 1000A AC, φ55mm(2.17"), 80(3.15")×20(0.79")mm busbar, Cord length : 3m(9.84ft)



CONNECTION CORD 9219 For connecting 9695-02,9695-03 Cord length: 3m(9.84ft)

#### Voltage measurement



WIRING ADAPTER PW9000 For 3P3W WIRING



WIRING ADAPTER PW9001 For 3P4W WIRING



MAGNETIC ADAPTER 9804-01 (red) MAGNETIC ADAPTER 9804-02 (black) Magnetic tip for use with the standard

Voltage Cord L1000 (generally compatible with M6 pan screws)





**GRABBER CLIP** 9243

For use with the standard Voltage Cord L1000





PQA-HIVIEW PRO 9624-50

Use Model 9624-50 PQA-HiVIEW PRO (version 2.00 or later) with a PC to analyze the data collected by the PW3198.

Reduce voltage cords for easy wiring



CARRYING CASE

C1001 Soft case 450W× 345W× 210Dmm (17.7"W× 13.6"H× 8.3"D) 3.4kg (120oz.)



**CARRYING CASE** C1002

Hard case 413W× 595W× 265Dmm (16.3"W× 23.4"H× 10.4"D) 5.7kg (201oz.)



**POWER QUALITY ANALYZER PW3198** 

Bundled accessories)

SD MEMORY CARD 2GB Z4001, VOLTAGE CORD L1000, AC ADAPTER Z1002, BATTERY PACK Z1003, Instruction manual, Measurement guide, Strap, USB cable (Approx.

1m in lenath)

## POWER QUALITY ANALYZER PW3198-90

(Set with PQA HiVIEW PRO 9624-50 and bundled accessories)



## **IMPORTANT**

Use Model PQA-HiVIEW PRO 9624-50 (version 2.00 or later) with a PC to analyze the data collected by the PW3198.

### **Bundled accessories**



Voltage Cord L1000

8 cords, approx. 3 m each: 1 each red, yellow, blue, and gray plus 4 black; 8 alligator clips: 1 each red, yellow, blue, and gray plus 4 black



Power supply for the PW3198 100V AC to 240V AC



SD MEMORY CARD 2GB Z4001



BATTERY PACK Z1003 (Ni-MH, 7.2 V/4500 mAh)

#### **IMPORTANT**

Use only the SD Card Z4001 sold by HIOKI.

#### ●Combination example: For three-phase 4-wire circuits containing leak current

PW3198-90

CLAMP ON SENSOR (500A)

 $9661 \times 3$ 

9675 **CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR** 

PW9001 WIRING ADAPTER

C1001 CARRYING CASE

(주)누비콤

POWER QUALITY ANALYZER PW3198 set with PQA HiVIEW PRO 9624-50

GPS BOX PW9005

To synchronize the PW3198 clock, Accessory: Connection cable set

Note: Company names and Product names appearing in this catalog are trademarks or registered trademarks of various companies

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